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Significant Natural Area Assessment				
Project No:	Property Name: Ben Lomond Station.		Ecologist: Simon Beale.	
11001/033	Site Name: Stoney Cre	ek SNA C	Date: 12 A	April 2013
Survey Undertaken By:			lo (mid-point of survey area):	
Simon Beale and Glenn Davis.		E41		
		E: 2162000 N:5584500		
LENZ Units: Predominately Q1.1c, small area		Photo No.(s):		
in P5.1e.		See attached.		
Ecological District: Shotover				
Topography: Steep to	Slope: (>30°)	Altitude: 6	00 – 1000	Aspect: N - NNE
very steep hillslopes		m asl		
above Stoney Creek.				
Numerous rocky				
spurs, slabs, bluffs				
and outcrops.				
Threatened Environment Status:		Area Size (ha): 83.06		
Underprotected and Less Reduced & Better				
Protected.				
Representativeness:				
Extensive manuka scrub & shrubland community and mountain beech forest in mid reaches of Stoney Creek. Vegetation pattern reflects succession towards mountain beech forest.				
Are there threatened species expected/identified in the survey area? If so, list species and threat status.				
Threatened Species		Threat Status		
Falco novaezealandiae "eastern" (eastern NZ		At Risk - Recovering		
Falcon)				
Nestor notabilis (Kea)		Threatened	- Nationally	r Endangered
Provide onsite description of vegetation:				
Vegetation types:				
Manuka shrubland				
Mountain beech forest				
Short tussock grassland				
Structural Classes: Forest, scrub, shrubland and grassland Shrubland Canopy: Manuka. Shrubland sub-dominants: Minigmingi (<i>Coprosma propinqua</i>), <i>Hebe salicifolia</i> , <i>Olearia</i> <i>avicennifolia</i> , <i>Carmichealia</i> spp., <i>Hebe odora</i> , Inaka (<i>Dracophyllum longifolium</i>), Mountain flax (<i>Phormium cookianum</i>)				
(Phormium cookianum).				

Degree of Modification: The area has experienced disturbance events in the past (e.g. fire).

Degree of Recruitment: Extensive regeneration of forest and shrubland communities evident across the slopes above Stoney Creek.

Overall Health: Some of the larger patches of mountain beech forest and manuka shrubland have a closed canopy.

Provide onsite description of fauna habitat:

The manuka shrubland and mixed forest-shrubland-grassland mosaic provides quality habitat for insectivorous birds (fantail, grey warbler, tomtit) and favourable hunting opportunities for NZ falcon and Australasian harrier.

The diversity of vegetation cover and rocky terrain and northerly aspect provides potentially high quality habitat for lizards such the Common Skink, Common Gecko and McCann's Skink.

The shrubland is likely to provide important habitat (refugia and food supply) for a range of invertebrates including various beetle and moth species.

Threats/Risks to vegetation and flora/fauna species? (Weeds, predators, current management practices):

The threats to the shrubland and forest are low. Invasive coniferous species are absent.

Rarity:

The threatened environment classification identifies the Q1.1c environment to have 91.23% indigenous vegetation cover remaining with 19.26% protected.

Area Size and Shape (degree to which the area may be or is becoming self-sustaining): Relatively large area of open forest and shrubland of variable canopy cover. Low to moderate area/edge ratios.

Diversity and Pattern (is there a notable range of species and habitats, aspects, sequences?): The area contains an assemblage of shrubland species that are sub-dominant to the manuka cover. Intervening areas of mountain beech forest, short tussock and rocky terrain vegetation contribute to the vegetation pattern.

Distinctiveness/special ecological characteristics (unusual veg. & landform features, distribution limits?):

Distinctive in terms of the extensiveness of the shrubland cover on steep rocky terrain.

Connectivity (how is the site connected to surrounding communities/areas?): Good degree of connectivity with adjacent areas of forest and shrublands within the mid reaches of the Stoney Creek catchment.

Sustainability (does the site possess the resilience to maintain its ecological integrity and processes?):

The absence of further human induced disturbances (fire) will allow a more expansive forest

and shrubland cover to develop across the lower northern slopes of Mount Gilbert through successional processes.

Recommendation (Accept/Decline):

We consider this area should be designated as a SNA in view of the following ecological attributes:

- Extensive shrubland vegetation on steep rocky terrain;
- Likely to provide high quality habitat for lizards such as the Common Skink, Common Gecko and McCann's Skink;
- The variety of habitats the area affords to indigenous fauna, providing suitable habitat for 'at risk' and threatened species, e.g. the NZ Falcon and Kea respectively.

Figure 1: The area of potential significance - Stoney Creek SNA C - G33C



September 24, 2014

Proposed Significant Natural Area



Proposed Significant Natural Area

Parcels

1:16,000 0 0.125 0.25 0.5 mi + + + + + + + + + 0 0.2 0.4 0.8 km



Figure 2: Aerial view of shrubland looking in a westward direction towards Mount Butement



Figure 3: Aerial view showing variable manuka cover across rocky spurs and bluffs with patch of mountain beech forest in upper centre of photo.



Figure 4: Downstream view of shrubland showing the prominence of the rocky spurs on the higher slopes and overall steepness of the terrain.