

**IN THE ENVIRONMENT COURT  
AT CHRISTCHURCH**

**I TE KŌTI TAIAO O AOTEAROA  
KI ŌTAUTAHI**

**Decision No. [2021] NZEnvC 155**

IN THE MATTER of the Resource Management Act 1991

AND of appeals pursuant to clause 14 of the  
First Schedule of the Act

BETWEEN UPPER CLUTHA  
ENVIRONMENTAL SOCIETY  
INCORPORATED

(ENV-2018-CHC-56)

and all other appellants concerning  
Topic 2 of Stage 1 of the Proposed  
Queenstown Lakes District Plan (listed  
on the attached Schedule)

Appellants

AND QUEENSTOWN LAKES DISTRICT  
COUNCIL

Respondent

Court: Environment Judge J J M Hassan  
Environment Commissioner K A Edmonds  
Environment Commissioner J T Baines

Hearing: In Chambers at Christchurch

Date of Decision: 5 October 2021

Date of Issue: 5 October 2021

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**INTERIM DECISION OF THE ENVIRONMENT COURT**

**Topic 2: Rural Landscapes, Chapters 3 and 6**

**Decision 2.12**

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- A: The Chapter 3 and 6 provisions as set out in Annexure 1 are accepted as final and QLDC is directed to include those provisions in the District Plan. QLDC is to report to the court once this is completed.
- B: Costs are reserved. A timetable for any Topic 2 applications will be set once Topic 2 is concluded.

## REASONS

[1] As directed, QLDC<sup>1</sup> has filed a finalised set of provisions for Chapters 3 and 6 reflecting the determinations made in Decisions 2.9<sup>2</sup> and 2.10<sup>3</sup> for the court's final approval and inclusion in the District Plan.<sup>4</sup> QLDC's finalised provisions include requested corrections to a numbering error concerning provision 3.1B.6(b), and an inadvertent reference to SO 3.2.5.4 instead of SP 3.3.2(a).<sup>5</sup> We are satisfied that QLDC's requested corrections are appropriate and confirm the provisions for inclusion in the PDP on that basis.<sup>6</sup>

[2] In response to the court's enquiry, QLDC explains that its preference is for the now confirmed Ch 3 and 6 provisions to be immediately included in the PDP rather than being withheld, pending final resolution of the remaining provisions of those chapters.<sup>7</sup> The court accepts QLDC's preference. Directions are made accordingly.

[3] As for costs, the court's present thinking is that the final decision in Topic 2 could include timetable directions such that any applications for this Topic could be considered together. Nevertheless, parties will be aware that costs are not

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1 Queenstown Lakes District Council, respondent.

2 [2021] NZEnvC 124.

3 [2021] NZEnvC 138.

4 QLDC memorandum dated 24 September 2021.

5 Formerly 3.3.1A.a.

6 QLDC reporting memorandum dated 24 September 2021 at [4]-[9].

7 Being those concerning regionally significant infrastructure and Policy 6.3.3.3 which is the subject of a s293 process.

typically awarded in plan appeal proceedings and the court anticipates that the appropriate outcome for most, if not all, cases to date will generally be for costs to lie where they fall.

For the court



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**J J M Hassan**  
**Environment Judge**



## SCHEDULE

ENV-2018-CHC-053	Federated Farmers of NZ
ENV-2018-CHC-055	Hawthenden Farm Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-082	Kawarau Jet Services Holdings Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-083	Mt Cardrona Station Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-091	Burdon
ENV-2018-CHC-092	Trojan Helmet Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-093	Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-094	The Middleton Family Trust & others
ENV-2018-CHC-095	Seven Albert Town Property Owners
ENV-2018-CHC-099	Bill and Jan Walker Family Trust & others
ENV-2018-CHC-103	Mt Christina Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-104	Soho Ski Area / Blackmans Creek
ENV-2018-CHC-106	Te Anau Developments
ENV-2018-CHC-107	Treble Cone Investments
ENV-2018-CHC-108	Aurora Energy Ltd
ENV-2018-CHC-114	Transpower NZ Ltd
ENV-2018-CHC-115	Willowridge Developments Ltd
ENV-2018-CHC-119	Halfway Bay Lands Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-124	Waterfall Park Developments Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-126	Remarkables Park Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-127	Queenstown Park Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-129	Slopehill Properties Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-130	SYZ Investments Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-131	Real Journeys Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-134	Ngai Tahu Tourism Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-136	Burgess
ENV-2018-CHC-137	Coneburn Preserve Holdings Limited & Others
ENV-2018-CHC-138	Real Journeys (trading as Go Orange Limited)
ENV-2018-CHC-141	Glendhu Bay Trustees Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-142	Queenstown Wharves GP Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-144	James Wilson Cooper
ENV-2018-CHC-145	Glen Dene Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-146	Real Journeys Limited (trading as Canyon Food and Brew Company Limited)
ENV-2018-CHC-148	Allenby Farms Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-150	Darby Planning Limited
ENV-2018-CHC-151	NZ Tungsten Mining
ENV-2018-CHC-160	Lake McKay Station Limited

## **ANNEXURE 1**

Final Chapter 3 and 6 provisions for inclusion in the PDP



- 3.1B.2 For the purpose of plan implementation (including in the determination of resource consent applications and notices of requirement):
- a. the Strategic Objectives and Strategic Policies in this Chapter may provide guidance on what the related objectives and policies in other chapters of the Plan are seeking to achieve in relation to the Strategic Issues;
  - b. the relevant objectives and policies of the plan (including Strategic Objectives and Strategic Policies in this Chapter) are to be considered together and no fixed hierarchy exists between them.
- 3.1B.3 In this plan, the notation 'SO' means 'Strategic Objective'. The notation 'SP' means 'Strategic Policy'.
- 3.1B.4 The following relationships apply as between Strategic Objectives and Strategic Policies of this Chapter:
- a. Where it is intended that a Strategic Objective elaborates on another Strategic Objective, that is specified in italicised text in brackets immediately following the Strategic Objective that is elaborated on. Unless otherwise specified, where a Strategic Objective enumerated to three digits (e.g. 3.2.1) ('Three Digit Strategic Objective') is followed by one or more Strategic Objectives enumerated to four digits (e.g. 3.2.1.1. 3.2.1.2) ('Four Digit Strategic Objective'), those Four Digit Strategic Objectives elaborate on that Three Digit Strategic Objective;
  - b. Many Strategic Policies in Chapter 3 implement more than one Strategic Objective. This is reflected in how Strategic Policies are grouped. The relationship(s) intended between individual Strategic Policies and the relevant Strategic Objective(s) is specified in the italicised text in brackets following each such Strategic Policy.
- 3.1B.5 In this Chapter:
- a. 'Exception Zone' means any of the following, to the extent that the Zone (or Sub-Zone) is depicted on the planning maps:
    - i. The Ski Area Sub-Zone;
    - ii. The Rural Residential Zone and Rural Lifestyle Zone (Chapter 22);
    - iii. The Gibbston Character Zone (Chapter 23);
    - iv. The Jacks Point Zone (Chapter 41).
  - b. 'Landscape capacity':
    - i. in relation to an Outstanding Natural Feature or Outstanding Natural Landscape, means the capacity of a landscape or feature to accommodate subdivision and development without compromising its identified landscape values;
    - ii. in relation to a landscape character area in a Rural Character Landscape, means the capacity of the landscape character area to accommodate subdivision and development without compromising its identified landscape character and while maintaining its identified visual amenity values;
  - c. 'Landscape values' in relation to any Outstanding Natural Feature, Outstanding Natural Landscape or Rural Character Landscape includes biophysical, sensory and associative attributes (and 'values' has a corresponding meaning);
  - d. 'Rural Living' means residential-type development in a Rural Character Landscape or on an Outstanding Natural Feature or in an Outstanding Natural Landscape, including of

the nature anticipated in a Rural Residential or Rural Lifestyle Zone but excluding residential development for farming or other rural production activities;

- e. 'Priority Area':
  - i. in relation to an Outstanding Natural Feature or Outstanding Natural Landscape, means an area listed in SP 3.3.36 and shown on the maps [held on [QLDC reference file]];
  - ii. in relation to the Upper Clutha Rural Character Landscape, means an area listed in SP 3.3.39 and shown on the maps in Schedule 21 [held on [QLDC reference file]].
- f. 'Best practice landscape methodology' in relation to the identification of landscape values or related landscape capacity or their assessment includes a methodology produced or recommended by a reputable professional body for landscape architects.

3.1B.6 The following Strategic Objectives and Strategic Policies (or specified parts thereof) do not apply to the consideration or determination of any applications for any subdivision, use or development within any of the Exception Zones except insofar as the receiving environment includes an Outstanding Natural Feature or Outstanding Natural Landscape (or part thereof) that is outside the Exception Zone:

- a. SO 3.2.1.7.a, SO 3.2.1.8.a, SO 3.2.5.1, SO 3.2.5.2; and
- b. SP 3.3.2.a, SP 3.3.21.a, SP 3.3.23.a, SP 3.3.29, SP 3.3.30, SP 3.3.31.

For avoidance of doubt, the above identified Strategic Objectives and Strategic Policies apply to plan development, including Plan Changes.

## 3.2 Strategic Objectives

### 3.2.1 The development of a prosperous, resilient and equitable economy in the District. (*addresses Issue 1*)

- 3.2.1.1 The significant socioeconomic benefits of well designed and appropriately located visitor industry places, facilities and services are realised across the District.
- 3.2.1.2 The Queenstown and Wānaka town centres<sup>1</sup> are the hubs of New Zealand's premier alpine visitor resorts and the District's economy.
- 3.2.1.3 The Frankton urban area (including the Remarkables Park mixed use centre) functions primarily as a major commercial and industrial service centre, and provides community facilities, for the people of the Wakatipu Basin.
- 3.2.1.4 The key function of the commercial core of Three Parks is focused on large format retail development.

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<sup>1</sup> Defined by the extent of the Town Centre Zone in each case





**3.2.3 A quality built environment taking into account the character of individual communities. (addresses Issues 3 and 5)**

*(SO 3.2.2.1 also elaborates on SO 3.2.3).*

3.2.3.1 The District's important historic heritage values are protected by ensuring development is sympathetic to those values.

3.2.3.2 Built form integrates well with its surrounding urban environment.

**3.2.4 The distinctive natural environments and ecosystems of the District are protected. (addresses Issue 4)**

*(SO 3.2.1.7 and 3.2.1.8 also elaborate on SO 3.2.4).*

3.2.4.1 Development and land uses that sustain or enhance the life-supporting capacity of air, water, soil and ecosystems, and maintain indigenous biodiversity.

3.2.4.2 The spread of wilding exotic vegetation is avoided.

3.2.4.3 The natural character of the beds and margins of the District's lakes, rivers and wetlands is preserved, or enhanced where possible, and protected from inappropriate subdivision, use and development.

3.2.4.4 The water quality and functions of the District's lakes, rivers and wetlands are maintained or enhanced.

3.2.4.5 Public access to the natural environment is maintained or enhanced.

3.2.4.6 The values of significant indigenous vegetation and significant habitats of indigenous fauna are protected.

3.2.4.7 The survival chances of rare, endangered, or vulnerable species of indigenous plant or animal communities are maintained or enhanced.

**3.2.5 The retention of the District's distinctive landscapes. (addresses Issues 2 and 4)**

*(SO 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8 and 3.2.2.1 also elaborate on SO 3.2.5).*

**Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes**

3.2.5.1 The District's Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes and their landscape values and related landscape capacity are identified.

3.2.5.2 Within the Rural Zone, new subdivision, use and development is inappropriate on Outstanding Natural Features or in Outstanding Natural Landscapes unless:

- a. where the landscape values of Priority Areas of Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes are specified in Schedule 21.22, those values are protected; or
- b. where the landscape values of Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes are not specified in Schedule 21.22, the values identified according to SP 3.3.45 are protected.



### 3.3 Strategic Policies

#### Visitor Industry

- 3.3.1** Make provision for the visitor industry to maintain and enhance attractions, facilities and services within the Queenstown and Wānaka town centres and elsewhere within the District's urban areas and settlements at locations where this is consistent with objectives and policies for the relevant zone. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.1.2)*
- 3.3.2** In rural areas, provide for commercial recreation and tourism related activities that enable people to access and appreciate the District's landscapes provided that those activities are located and designed and are of a nature that:
- protects the landscape values of Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes; and
  - maintains the landscape character and maintains or enhances the visual amenity values of Rural Character Landscapes.
- (relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.5.5, and 3.2.5.6)*

#### Town Centres and other Commercial and Industrial Areas

- 3.3.3** Provide a planning framework for the Queenstown and Wānaka town centres that enables quality development and enhancement of the centres as the key commercial, civic and cultural hubs of the District, building on their existing functions and strengths. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.2, 3.2.6, 3.2.6.2 and 3.2.6.3)*
- 3.3.4** Avoid new commercial zoning of land that is likely to undermine the role of the Queenstown and Wānaka town centres as the primary focus for the District's economic activity. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.2)*
- 3.3.5** Provide a planning framework for the Frankton urban area that facilitates the integration of the various development nodes. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.3)*
- 3.3.6** Recognise that Queenstown Airport makes an important contribution to the prosperity and resilience of the District. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.3)*
- 3.3.7** Avoid additional commercial zoning that is likely to undermine the function and viability of the Frankton commercial areas as the key service centre for the Wakatipu Basin, or which will undermine increasing integration between those areas and the industrial and residential areas of Frankton. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.3)*
- 3.3.8** Provide a planning framework for the commercial core of Three Parks that enables large format retail development. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.4)*
- 3.3.9** Avoid non-industrial activities not ancillary to industrial activities occurring within areas zoned for industrial activities. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.3 and 3.2.1.5)*
- 3.3.10** Support the role settlement commercial precincts and local shopping centres fulfil in serving local needs by enabling commercial development that is appropriately sized for that purpose. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.5)*



- a. protection of the landscape values of Outstanding Natural Features or Outstanding Natural Landscapes; or
- b. maintenance of the landscape character and maintenance or enhancement of the visual amenity values of Rural Character Landscapes.

*(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, and 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1 - 3.2.5.7)*

**3.3.22** Provide for rural living opportunities in areas identified on the District Plan web mapping application as appropriate for rural living developments. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1 - 3.2.5.7)*

**3.3.23** Ensure that the effect of cumulative subdivision and development for the purposes of Rural Living does not compromise:

- a. the protection of the landscape values of Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes; and
- b. the maintenance of the landscape character and maintenance or enhancement of the visual amenity values of Rural Character Landscapes.

*(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1 - 3.2.5.7)*

**3.3.24** *[subject to ongoing discussions]*

**3.3.25** That subdivision and / or development be designed in accordance with best practice land use management so as to avoid or minimise adverse effects on the water quality of lakes, rivers and wetlands in the District. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.4, 3.2.4.1 and 3.2.4.4)*

**3.3.26** Avoid the planting of identified exotic vegetation with the potential to spread and naturalise unless spread can be acceptably managed for the life of the planting. *(relevant to SO 3.2.4, 3.2.4.2)*

**3.3.27** Seek opportunities to provide public access to the natural environment at the time of plan change, subdivision or development. *(relevant to SO 3.2.4, 3.2.4.5)*

### **Outstanding Natural Features and Landscapes and Rural Character Landscape**

**3.3.28** Identify the District's Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes on the District Plan web mapping application. *(relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1)*

**3.3.29** For Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes, identify landscape values and landscape capacity:

- a. for Priority Areas identified in Schedule 21.22, in accordance with the values identification framework in SP 3.3.36 - 3.3.38 and otherwise through the landscape assessment methodology in SP 3.3.45 and through best practice landscape assessment methodology; and
- b. outside of identified Priority Areas, in accordance with the landscape assessment methodology in SP 3.3.45 and through best practice landscape assessment methodology.

*(relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1)*

**3.3.30** Protect the landscape values of Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes. *(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4 and 3.2.5.6)*

- 3.3.31** Avoid adverse effects on the landscape values of the District's Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes from residential subdivision, use and development where there is little capacity to absorb change. *(relevant to SO 3.2.2, 3.2.2.1, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2 – 3.2.5.4)*
- 3.3.32** Identify the District's Rural Character Landscapes on the District Plan web mapping application. *(relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.7)*
- 3.3.33** For Rural Character Landscapes, identify landscape character to be maintained, and visual amenity values to be maintained or enhanced and related landscape capacity:
- a. for Priority Areas of the Upper Clutha Basin, in Schedule 21.23, in accordance with the values identification framework in SP 3.3.39 - 3.3.41 and otherwise through the landscape assessment methodology in SP 3.3.45 and through best practice landscape assessment methodology; and
  - b. outside of identified Priority Areas, in accordance with the landscape assessment methodology in SP 3.3.45, and through best practice landscape assessment methodology; and
  - c. through associated District Plan rules setting measurable spatial or other limits, and related assessment matters, as to cumulative subdivision and development including as to location, quantity, density and design.
- (relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5 – 3.2.5.7)*
- 3.3.34** For any Priority Area of any Rural Character Landscape where landscape character and visual amenity values and related landscape capacity are identified in Schedule 21.23, ensure that new subdivision and development for the purposes of Rural Living:
- a. maintains that landscape character;
  - b. enhances any visual amenity value that Schedule 21.23 specifies to be enhanced; and
  - c. otherwise maintains those identified visual amenity values.
- (relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5)*
- 3.3.35** In any Rural Character Landscape that is not a Priority Area, or is a Priority Area that has not achieved the requirements of SP 3.3.33, do not allow new subdivision or development for the purposes of Rural Living except where:
- a. according to the methodology in SP 3.3.45 and having regard to the wider landscape context:
    - i. a landscape character area for assessment purposes is identified at an appropriate landscape scale including by mapping;
    - ii. the landscape character and visual amenity values of that landscape character area are identified; and
    - iii. the landscape capacity of that landscape character area is assessed so as to soundly inform a determination that the requirements of SP 3.3.23 are met; and
  - b. the approval of new subdivision or development for the purposes of Rural Living maintains the landscape character and maintains or enhances the visual amenity values identified in relation to that landscape character area and the wider landscape context.
- (relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5)*

### **Values Identification Framework for Priority Areas for Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes**

**3.3.36** Identify in Schedule 21.22 the following Rural Zone Priority Areas within the Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes shown on maps held on [QLDC reference file]:

- a. parts of the Outstanding Natural Features of Peninsula Hill, Ferry Hill, Shotover River, Morven Hill, Lake Hayes, Slope Hill, Feehly Hill, Arrow River, Kawarau River, Mt Barker, and Mt Iron.
- b. parts of the Outstanding Natural Landscapes of West Wakatipu Basin, Queenstown Bay and environs, Northern Remarkables, Central Wakatipu Basin Coronet Area, East Wakatipu Basin and Crown Terrace Area, Victoria Flats, Cardrona Valley, Mount Alpha, Roys Bay, West Wanaka, Dublin Bay, Hāwea South and North Grandview, and Lake McKay Station and environs.

*(relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1)*

**3.3.37** For the Priority Areas listed in SP 3.3.36, according to SP 3.3.38, describe in Schedule 21.22 at an appropriate landscape scale:

- a. the landscape attributes (physical, sensory and associative);
- b. the landscape values; and
- c. the related landscape capacity.

*(relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1)*

**3.3.38** To achieve SP 3.3.37 for each Priority Area:

- a. identify the key physical, sensory and associative attributes that contribute to the values of the Feature or Landscape that are to be protected;
- b. describe in accordance with SP 3.3.43, and then rate, those attributes; and
- c. assess and record the related landscape capacity for subdivision, use and development activities including but not limited to:
  - i. commercial recreational activities;
  - ii. visitor accommodation and tourism related activities;
  - iii. urban expansions;
  - iv. intensive agriculture;
  - v. earthworks;
  - vi. farm buildings;
  - vii. mineral extraction;
  - viii. transport infrastructure;
  - ix. utilities and regionally significant infrastructure;
  - x. renewable energy generation;
  - xi. forestry;
  - xii. rural living.

*(relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1)*

#### Values Identification Framework for Priority Areas for Rural Character Landscapes

**3.3.39** Identify in Schedule 21.23 the following Rural Zone Priority Areas within the Upper Clutha Rural Character Landscapes shown on maps held on [QLDC reference file]:

- a. Cardrona River/Mt Barker Road RCL PA;
- b. Halliday Road/Corbridge RCL PA;
- c. West of Hāwea River RCL PA;
- d. Church Road/Shortcut Road RCL PA;
- e. Maungawera Valley RCL PA.



*(relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.7)*

**3.3.40** For the Priority Areas listed in SP 3.3.39, according to SP 3.3.41, describe in Schedule 21.23 at an appropriate landscape scale:

- a. the landscape attributes (physical, sensory and associative);
- b. the landscape character and visual amenity values; and
- c. the related landscape capacity.

*(relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.7)*

**3.3.41** To achieve SP 3.3.40 for each Priority Area:

- a. identify and describe key public routes and viewpoints both within and in proximity to the Priority Areas (including waterbodies, roads, walkways and cycleways);
- b. identify the key physical, sensory and associative attributes that contribute to the landscape character and visual amenity values of the Priority Area;
- c. describe in accordance with SP 3.3.43, and then rate, those attributes;
- d. assess and record the relationship between the Priority Area and the wider Rural Character Landscape context;
- e. assess and record the relationship between the Priority Area and the Outstanding Natural Features within the Upper Clutha Basin;
- f. assess and record the relationship between the Priority Area and the Outstanding Natural Landscapes that frame the Upper Clutha Basin; and
- g. assess and record the related landscape capacity for subdivision, use and development activities including but not limited to:
  - i. commercial recreational activities;
  - ii. visitor accommodation and tourism related activities;
  - iii. urban expansions;
  - iv. intensive agriculture;
  - v. earthworks;
  - vi. farm buildings;
  - vii. mineral extraction;
  - viii. transport infrastructure;
  - ix. utilities and regionally significant infrastructure;
  - x. renewable energy generation;
  - xi. forestry;
  - xii. rural living.

*(relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.7)*

**3.3.42** The Council shall notify a proposed plan change to the District Plan by 30 June 2022 to implement SPs 3.3.36, 3.3.37, 3.3.39 and 3.3.40. *(relevant to SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1 and 3.2.5.7)*

#### **Outstanding Natural Features, Outstanding Natural Landscapes and Rural Character Landscapes**

**3.3.43** In applying the Strategic Objectives and Strategic Policies for Outstanding Natural Features, Outstanding Natural Landscapes and Rural Character Landscapes, including the values identification frameworks in SP 3.3.37, **3.3.38**, 3.3.40 and **3.3.41** and the landscape assessment methodology in SP 3.3.45, have regard to the following attributes:

- a. Physical attributes:

- i. geology, geomorphology and topography;
- ii. ecology;
- iii. vegetation cover (exotic and indigenous);
- iv. the presence of waterbodies including lakes, rivers, streams, wetlands, and their hydrology;
- v. land use (including settlements, buildings and structures; and
- b. Sensory (or experiential) attributes:
  - i. legibility or expressiveness – how obviously the feature or landscape demonstrates its formative processes;
  - ii. aesthetic values including memorability and naturalness;
  - iii. wild or scenic values;
  - iv. transient values including values at certain times of the day or year;
  - v. experiential attributes, including the sounds and smells associated with the landscape; and
- c. Associative attributes:
  - i. whether the attributes identified in (a) and (b) are shared and recognised;
  - ii. cultural and spiritual values for Tangata Whenua;
  - iii. historical and heritage associations; and
  - iv. recreational values.

*(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.2, 3.2.2.1, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1 – 3.2.5.7)*

**3.3.44** Where any or any part of an Outstanding Natural Feature, Outstanding Natural Landscape or a Rural Character Landscape is not identified as a Priority Area in Schedule 21.22 or 21.23, this does not imply that the relevant area:

- a. is more or less important than the identified Priority Areas in terms of:
  - i. the landscape attributes and values, in the case of an Outstanding Natural Feature or Outstanding Natural Landscape;
  - ii. landscape character and visual amenity values, in the case of a Rural Character Landscape; or
- b. is more or less vulnerable to subdivision, use and development.

*(relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.2, 3.2.2.1, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1 – 3.2.5.7)*

### Landscape Assessment Methodology

**3.3.45** Landscape assessments shall:

- a. for Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes:
  - i. identify landscape attributes and values; and
  - ii. assess effects on those values and on related landscape capacity;
- b. for Rural Character Landscapes:
  - i. define a relevant landscape character area and its wider landscape context;
  - ii. identify the landscape character and visual amenity values of that landscape character area and within its wider landscape context; and
  - iii. assess effects on that character and those values and on related landscape capacity;
- c. in each case apply a consistent rating scale for attributes, values and effects.

Note: QLDC may, from time to time, promulgate and update guidelines that provide assistance in the application of best practice landscape assessment methodologies

by publication on the QLDC website. Access will be via this link [*URL link to be added*].

(*relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.2, 3.2.2.1, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1 – 3.2.5.7*)

**3.3.46** The Landscape Assessment Methodology required by SP 3.3.45 is to be implemented when assessing:

- a. a proposed plan change affecting the rural environment;
- b. a resource consent application for the subdivision, use or development of land where:
  - i. the application is for a restricted discretionary, discretionary or non-complying activity; and
  - ii. the proposal is in relation to land within an Outstanding Natural Feature or Outstanding Natural Landscape or gives rise to landscape effects and is on land with Rural zoning; or
- c. a notice of requirement where the proposal is in relation to land within an Outstanding Natural Feature or Outstanding Natural Landscape or gives rise to landscape effects and is on land with Rural zoning; or
- d. a resource consent where the proposal (or part thereof) is in an Exception Zone in 3.1B.5 and gives rise to landscape effects on the receiving environment that includes an Outstanding Natural Feature or Outstanding Natural Landscape on land with Rural zoning outside that Exception Zone.

(*relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.2, 3.2.2.1, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1 – 3.2.5.7*)

### Rural Zone Landscape Monitoring

**3.3.47** The Council shall monitor the efficiency and effectiveness of the Rural Zone provisions and whether SO 3.2.5 is being achieved at intervals of not more than two and a half years, as follows:

- a. for those areas identified in Schedule 21.22 or 21.23, from [*insert date that any area is added to a schedule is made operative*]; and
- b. for those areas not identified in Schedule 21.22 or 21.23, from [*insert date determinative decision on Topic 2 issued*].

(*relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.2, 3.2.2.1, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1 – 3.2.5.7*)

**3.3.48** Procedures for monitoring shall include:

- a. keeping records, including compiling photographs, gathering information and undertaking or commissioning research addressing resource consent decisions granted for restricted discretionary, discretionary and non-complying activities, including evaluation of the commentary in those decisions to assess the implementation of the relevant provisions of Chapters 3, 4, 6 and 21;
- b. for those areas identified in Schedule 21.22, whether subdivision, use and development has protected the identified landscape values, having regard to (d) below;
- c. for those areas identified in Schedule 21.23, whether subdivision, use and development has maintained the identified landscape character, and maintained or enhanced visual amenity values;
- d. where the following activities have been approved, evaluating whether SO 3.2.5 is being achieved and related landscape capacity has not been exceeded as it relates to the areas surrounding that development:
  - i. commercial recreational activities;
  - ii. visitor accommodation and tourism related activities;
  - iii. intensive agriculture;
  - iv. earthworks;

- v. farm buildings;
  - vi. mineral extraction;
  - vii. transport infrastructure;
  - viii. utilities and regional significant infrastructure;
  - ix. renewable energy generation;
  - x. forestry;
  - xi. rural living;
- e. identification of areas that are subject to particular development pressure including field reports to evaluate the implementation of the relevant provisions of Chapters 3, 4, 6 and 21.  
(*relevant to SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.2, 3.2.2.1, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1 – 3.2.5.7*)

### Cultural Environment

- 3.3.49** Avoid significant adverse effects on wāhi tūpuna within the District. (*relevant to SO 3.2.7, 3.2.7.1*)
- 3.3.50** Avoid remedy or mitigate other adverse effects on wāhi tūpuna within the District. (*relevant to SO 3.2.7, 3.2.7.1*)
- 3.3.51** Manage wāhi tūpuna within the District, including taonga species and habitats, in a culturally appropriate manner through early consultation and involvement of relevant iwi or hapū. (*relevant to SO 3.2.7, 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2*)

## 6 Landscapes and Rural Character

### 6.1 Purpose

The purpose of this Chapter is to provide greater detail as to how the landscape, particularly outside urban settlements, will be managed in order to implement the Strategic Objectives and Policies in Chapter 3. This chapter needs to be read with particular reference to the Chapter 3 Strategic Objectives and Policies, which identify the outcomes the policies in this Chapter are seeking to achieve. The relevant Chapter 3 Strategic Objectives and Policies are identified in brackets following each policy.

Landscapes have been categorised to provide greater certainty of their importance to the District, and to respond to regional policy and national legislation. Categorisations of landscapes will provide decision makers with a basis to consider the appropriateness of activities that have adverse effects on those landscapes.

#### 6.1.1 Application of this Chapter

Chapter 1 (Introduction) provides an explanation of the structure of the District Plan including the application of the strategic chapters of the District Plan applying across the Queenstown Lakes District, and the two-volume approach consisting of Volume A and Volume B.

Chapter 3 provides overarching strategic direction for the Queenstown Lakes District. The Chapter 3 Strategic Objectives and Policies are further elaborated on in Chapter 6, which provides more detailed policies for landscapes and rural character. Chapter 6 applies district wide over Volume A and Volume B land, with the application of location specific policies as set out in the chapter. The principal role of Chapters 3 to 6 collectively is to provide direction for the more detailed provisions related to zones and specific topics contained elsewhere in the District Plan.

### 6.2 Values

The District's landscapes are of significant value to the people who live in, work in or visit the District. The District relies in a large part for its social and economic wellbeing on the quality of the landscape, open spaces and the natural and built environment. Those landscapes also have inherent values, particularly to Tangata Whenua.

The landscapes consist of a variety of landforms created by uplift and glaciations, which include mountains, ice-sculpted rock, scree slopes, moraine, fans, a variety of confined and braided river systems, valley floors and lake basins. These distinct landforms remain easily legible and strong features of the present landscape.

Indigenous vegetation also contributes to the quality of the District's landscapes. While much of the original vegetation has been modified, the colour and texture of indigenous vegetation within these landforms contribute to the distinctive identity of the District's landscapes.

The open space or open character of rural land are key elements of the landscape character that can be vulnerable to degradation from subdivision, development and non-farming activities. The prevalence of large farms and landholdings contributes to the open space and rural working character of the landscape. The predominance of open space over housing and related domestic elements is a strong determinant of the character of the District's rural landscapes.

Some rural areas, particularly those closer to the Queenstown and Wānaka urban areas and within parts of the Wakatipu Basin and Upper Clutha Basin, have an established pattern of housing on smaller landholdings. The landscape character of these areas has been modified by vehicle accesses,

earthworks and vegetation planting for amenity, screening and shelter, which have reduced the open space exhibited by larger scale farming activities.

While acknowledging these rural areas have established rural living and development, and a substantial amount of further subdivision and development has already been approved in these areas, the landscape values of these areas are vulnerable to degradation from further subdivision and development. Areas where rural living development is at or is approaching the finite capacity of the landscape need to be identified if the District's distinctive rural landscape values are to be sustained. Areas where the landscape can accommodate sensitive and sympathetic rural living developments similarly need to be identified.

The lakes and rivers both on their own and, when viewed as part of the distinctive landscape, are a significant element of the national and international identity of the District and provide for a wide range of amenity and recreational opportunities. They are nationally and internationally recognised as part of the reason for the District's importance as a visitor destination, as well as one of the reasons for residents to belong to the area. Managing the landscape and recreational values on the surface of lakes and rivers is an important District Plan function.

Private, commercial and public operators rely on the use, occupation of and access to lakes and rivers for a wide range of activities including recreation, commercial recreation, tourism, transport services and infrastructure. These activities could also include both temporary and permanent structures on the surface, and on the margins, of lakes and rivers.

Activities on the surface of lakes and rivers and their supporting infrastructure can have adverse effects on nature conservation values, landscape values, and navigational and congestion safety (including on other commercial operators and recreational users). New activities also have the potential to adversely affect established activities for example by detracting from the experience enjoyed by the users of existing activities and generating adverse safety effects.

## 6.3 Policies

### 6.3.1 Rural Landscape Categorisation

#### 6.3.1.1 Categorise the Rural Zoned landscapes in the District as:

- a. Outstanding Natural Feature (ONF);
- b. Outstanding Natural Landscape (ONL);
- c. Rural Character Landscape (RCL)  
(SO 3.2.5 and SP 3.3.28, 3.3.32).

#### 6.3.1.2 Exclude identified Ski Area Sub-Zones and the area of the Frankton Arm located to the east of the Outstanding Natural Landscape line as shown on the District Plan web mapping application from the Outstanding Natural Feature, Outstanding Natural Landscape and Rural Character Landscape categories applied to the balance of the Rural Zone and from the policies of this Chapter related to those categories. (SO 3.1B.5 and 3.1B.6).

#### 6.3.1.3 Provide a separate regulatory regime for the Gibbston Valley (identified as the Gibbston Character Zone), Rural Residential Zone, Rural Lifestyle Zone and the Special Zones within which the Outstanding Natural Feature, Outstanding Natural Landscape and Rural Character Landscape categories and the policies of this Chapter related to those categories do not apply unless otherwise stated. (SO 3.1B.5 and 3.1B.6).

#### 6.3.1.4 Provide a separate regulatory regime for the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone, within which the Outstanding Natural Feature, Outstanding Natural Landscape and Rural

Character Landscape categories and the policies of this Chapter related to those categories do not apply. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.21 – 3.3.27, 3.3.30, 3.3.31).

- 6.3.1.5 Classify the Open Space and Recreation zoned land located outside the Urban Growth Boundary as Outstanding Natural Landscape, Outstanding Natural Feature or Rural Character Landscape, and provide a separate regulatory framework for the Open Space and Recreation Zones within which the remaining policies of this Chapter do not apply. (SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1, 3.5.5.5, 3.2.5.7 and SP 3.3.28, 3.3.30, 3.3.32)
- 6.3.2 **Managing Activities in the Rural Zone, the Gibbston Character Zone, the Rural Residential Zone and the Rural Lifestyle Zone**
- 6.3.2.1 Avoid urban development and subdivision to urban densities in the rural zones. (SO 3.2.2, 3.2.2.1, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.15).
- 6.3.2.2 Ensure that the location and direction of lights does not cause excessive glare and avoids unnecessary degradation of views of the night sky and of landscape character, including of the sense of remoteness where it is an important part of that character. (SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.20, 3.3.23, 3.3.30, 3.3.31, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.2.3 Ensure the District’s distinctive landscapes are not degraded by production forestry planting and harvesting activities. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.20, 3.3.21, 3.3.27, 3.3.30, 3.3.31, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.2.4 Enable continuation of the contribution low-intensity pastoral farming in the Rural Zone and viticulture in the Gibbston Character Zone on large landholdings makes to the District’s landscape character. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.21).
- 6.3.2.5 Avoid indigenous vegetation clearance where it would significantly degrade the visual character and qualities of the District’s distinctive landscapes. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.4, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.30, 3.3.31, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.2.6 Encourage subdivision and development proposals to promote indigenous biodiversity protection and regeneration where the landscape values and nature conservation values would be maintained or enhanced, particularly where the subdivision or development constitutes a change in the intensity in the land use or the retirement of productive farm land. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.4, 3.2.4.1 – 3.2.4.7, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.20, 3.3.30, 3.3.31, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.2.7 Ensure that subdivision and development in the Outstanding Natural Landscapes and Rural Character Landscapes in proximity to an Outstanding Natural Feature or Outstanding Natural Landscape does not compromise the landscape values of that Outstanding Natural Feature or Outstanding Natural Landscape. (SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.30, 3.3.31)
- 6.3.2.8 Encourage any landscaping to be ecologically viable and consistent with the established character of the area. (SO 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.5, and SP 3.3.30, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.3 **Managing Activities on Outstanding Natural Features and in Outstanding Natural Landscapes**

- 6.3.3.1 Recognise that subdivision and development is inappropriate on Outstanding Natural Features or in Outstanding Natural Landscapes unless:
- landscape values are protected; and
  - in the case of any subdivision or development, all buildings and other structures and all changes to landform or other physical changes to the appearance of land will be reasonably difficult to see from beyond the boundary of the site in question. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4 and SP 3.3.2, 3.3.23, 3.3.30, 3.3.31)
- 6.3.3.2 Ensure that the protection of Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes includes recognition of any values relating to cultural and historic elements, geological features and matters of cultural and spiritual value to Tangata Whenua, including tōpuni and wāhi tūpuna. (SO 3.2.3, 3.2.3.1, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.7.1, and SP 3.3.17, 3.3.23, 3.3.30, 3.3.31, 3.3.43, 3.3.49, 3.3.50, Chapter 5).
- 6.3.3.3 *[subject to section 293 process]*
- 6.3.3.4 The landscape values of Outstanding Natural Landscapes are a significant intrinsic, economic and recreational resource, such that new large scale renewable electricity generation or new large scale mineral extraction development proposals are not likely to be compatible with them. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, and SP 3.3.24, 3.3.30).
- 6.3.3.5 Maintain the open landscape character of Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes where it is open at present. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, and SP 3.3.2, 3.3.21, 3.3.23, 3.3.30, 3.3.31).
- 6.3.3.6 *[subject to ongoing discussions]*
- 6.3.3.7 *[subject to ongoing discussions]*

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#### 6.3.4 **Managing Activities in Rural Character Landscapes**

- 6.3.4.1 Recognise that subdivision and development is unsuitable in many locations in Rural Character Landscapes and successful applications will need to be, on balance, consistent with the objectives and policies of the Plan. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.2, 3.3.22, 3.3.23, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.4.2 Encourage plan changes applying Rural Lifestyle and Rural Residential Zones to land as the appropriate planning mechanism to provide for any new rural lifestyle and rural residential developments in preference to ad-hoc subdivision and development and ensure these zones are located in areas where the landscape can accommodate the change. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.22, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.4.3 Require that proposals for subdivision or development for rural living in the Rural Zone:
- take into account all subdivision and development that is in existence or is consented for all land within the relevant landscape character area as at 14 May 2021; and
  - assess the potential for adverse cumulative effects on the landscape character of that area and its wider landscape context. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.23, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).



- 6.3.4.4 Have particular regard to the potential adverse effects on landscape character and visual amenity values where further subdivision and development would constitute sprawl along roads. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.2, 3.2.4.1, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.23, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.4.5 Ensure incremental changes from subdivision and development do not degrade landscape character, or important views as a result of activities associated with mitigation of the visual effects of proposed development such as screen planting, mounding and earthworks. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.23, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.4.6 *[subject to ongoing discussions]*
- 6.3.4.7 *[subject to ongoing discussions]*
- 6.3.4.8 Avoid adverse effects on visual amenity from subdivision, use and development that:
- is highly visible from public places and other places which are frequented by members of the public generally (except any trail as defined in this Plan); or
  - forms the foreground for an Outstanding Natural Feature or Outstanding Natural Landscape when viewed from public roads
- (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.23, 3.3.30, 3.3.31, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.4.9 In the Wakatipu Basin, avoid planting and screening, particularly along roads and boundaries that would degrade openness where such openness is an important part of its landscape character. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.23, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.4.10 In the Upper Clutha Basin, subdivision and development maintains open landscape character where that is the existing character of the Rural Character Landscape. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.23, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
- 6.3.4.11 Encourage development to utilise shared accesses and infrastructure, and to locate within the parts of the site where it will minimise disruption to natural landforms and to rural character. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.7, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.1.9, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.23, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).

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### 6.3.5 **Managing Activities on Lakes and Rivers**

- 6.3.5.1 Manage the location, intensity and scale of structures on the surface and margins of water bodies including jetties, moorings and infrastructure recognising the functional needs of these activities, and the importance of lakes and rivers, including as a commercial recreation, tourism, transport and recreational resource, and ensure these structures are at a scale or in a location that, as far as practicable:
- protects the values of Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes; and
  - maintains the landscape character of Rural Character Landscapes and maintains or enhances their visual amenity values.

(SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.1, 3.2.1.8, 3.2.1.9, 3.2.4, 3.2.4.1, 3.2.4.3, 3.2.4.4, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, 3.2.4.7 and SP 3.3.2, 3.3.20, 3.3.24, 3.3.25, 3.3.30, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).

- 6.3.5.2 Recognise the character of the Frankton Arm including the established jetties and wharves, and provide for their maintenance, upgrade or expansion. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.9, 3.2.4, 3.2.1.4, 3.2.4.3, 3.2.4.4, 3.2.4.5, 3.2.4.6, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.3, 3.2.5.4, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, 3.2.4.7 and SP 3.3.20, 3.3.24, 3.3.25, 3.3.30).
- 6.3.5.3 Recognise the urban character of Queenstown Bay and provide for structures and facilities on the surface and margins of Queenstown Bay within the Queenstown Town Centre Waterfront Subzone providing they protect the ability to appreciate the District's distinctive landscapes. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.1, 3.2.1.2, 3.2.1.9, 3.2.4, 3.2.4.1, 3.2.4.3, 3.2.4.4, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, 3.2.4.7, and SP 3.3.1, 3.3.2, 3.3.3, 3.3.20, 3.3.25, 3.3.30).
- 6.3.5.4 Provide for appropriate commercial and recreational activities on the surface of water bodies that do not involve construction of new structures. (SO 3.2.1, 3.2.1.1, 3.2.4, 3.2.4.3, 3.2.4.4, 3.2.4.5, 3.2.4.6, 3.2.4.7, 3.2.5, 3.2.5.2, 3.2.5.5, 3.2.5.6, and SP 3.3.2, 3.3.30, 3.3.34, 3.3.35).
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