Appendix A – Relief sought

Provision (PDP decision version)	Reason for appeal	Relief sought
Chapter 6 Landscapes		
Policy 6.3.3.A Provide a separate regulatory regime for the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zones, within which the Outstanding Natural Feature, Outstanding Natural Landscape and Rural Character Landscape categories and the policies of this chapter related to those categories do not apply.	Support in part Clarification that the landscape categories and associated policies do not apply to the WBRAZ is supported. However, this rule (and other bespoke rules such as 6.3.3.B regarding the Open Space and Recreation Zone) could be deleted if an Interpretation section was included in Chapter 6 to clarify the relationship between the landscape categories and the various rural zones and other zones.	Retain Policy 6.3.3A, or in the alternative, work the content of the policy into a new Interpretation section for Chapter 6.
Chapter 24 Wakatipu Basin		
Policy 24.2.1.1 Require an 80 hectare minimum net site area be maintained within the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone outside of the Precinct.	Oppose An 80ha minimum lot size in the WBRAZ is opposed and consequentially this policy should be deleted. Further, the focus of this policy should be on the maintenance of landscape character and visual amenity values.	Delete the PDP (decisions version) of the policy and reinstate the notified version with the amendments sought in original submission: Policy 24.2.1.1: Implement minimum and average lot sizes within the Wakatipa Basin Rural Amenity Zone and the Wakatipa Basin Lifestyle Precinct to protect maintain landscape character and visual amenity values.
Policy 24.2.1.10	Support in part	Amend Policy 24.2.1.10:
Enable residential activity within building platforms created prior to 21 March 2019 subject to achieving appropriate standards.	The inclusion of a policy recognising existing building rights is supported, however the policy should not be date limited, as all approved development within the Wakatipu Basin should be enabled.	Enable residential activity within <u>approved</u> building platform created prior to 21 March 2019—subject to achieving appropriate standards.
Policy 24.2.1.11	Oppose	Delete policy 24.2.1.11.
Provide for activities, whose built form is		

Provision (PDP decision version) subservient to natural landscape elements and that, in areas Schedule 24.8 identifies as having a sense of openness and spaciousness, maintain those qualities.	Reason for appeal The wording of the policy is opposed as it ambiguous and poorly drafted. "Openness and spaciousness" are words capable of wide interpretation and characteristics associated with Outstanding Natural Landscapes or Features.	Relief sought
	In particular, in the Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct (WBLP), the policy is inappropriate as it is difficult to see how a sense of "openness and spaciousness can be retained with a density of 1ha average".	
Policy 24.2.4.8	Support in part	Amend Policy 24.2.4.8:
Encourage the removal of wilding exotic trees at the time of development.	The intention of these policies is supported as read together they provide sufficient policy	Encourage the removal of wilding exotic trees at the time of development, in particular where there is a risk of wilding
Policy 24.2.4.9	direction regarding retention or removal of vegetation in the Zone.	spread.
Encourage the planting, retention and enhancement of indigenous vegetation that is appropriate to the area and planted at a scale, density, pattern and composition that contributes to native habitat restoration, particularly in locations such as gullies and riparian areas, or to provide stability.	An amendment is proposed to policy 24.2.4.8 as it is not always appropriate or practical to remove wilding pines at the time of development. The policy should provide flexibility where appropriate and its focus should be on preventing wilding spread.	Amend Policy 24.2.4.9 Encourage the planting, retention and enhancement of indigenous vegetation that is ecologically appropriate to the area and planted at a scale, density, pattern and composition that enhances indigenous biodiversity values, contributes to
	An amendment is proposed to policy 24.2.4.9 as the policy should be general to all areas suitable for replanting.	native habitat restoration, particularly in locations such as gullies and riparian areas, or to provide stability.
Policy 24.2.5.1	Oppose	Amend policy 24.2.5.1:
Provide for rural living, subdivision, development and use of land where it maintains or enhances the landscape character and visual amenity values identified in Schedule 24.8 – Landscape Character Units.	The uncertainty created through the wording of this policy is opposed, as it subjects subdivision, use and development to maintaining or enhancing the values described within the landscape character units defined in Schedule 24.8. Within the WBLP development should be enabled in the first instance. The landscape character units are of greater importance for establishing the limits of appropriate development in the parts of the Wakatipu Basin	Provide for rural living, subdivision, development and use of land within the Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct where it maintains or enhances the landscape character and visual amenity values identified in Schedule 24.8 — Landscape Character Units.

Provisio <u>n (</u>	(PDP decision version)		Reason for appeal	Relief so	ought	
			with lower capacity to absorb development.			
Policy 24.2	2.5.6		Oppose	Delete Po	olicy 24.2.5.6	
Retain vegetation that contributes to landscape character and visual amenity values of the Precinct, provided it does not present a high risk of wilding spread.		the	Policy 24.2.5.6 is opposed as it reads as a blanket requirement to retain all vegetation within the Zone, which is not appropriate or likely to produce the best landscape outcomes in all cases.			
			The retention of the two additional policies 24.2.4.8 and 24.2.4.9 (with the amendments discussed above) is supported as these policies are more specific and are considered appropriate guidance on vegetation management in the Zone.			
Table 24.1 – Activities in the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone Rules 24.4.4, 24.4.6, 24.4.7, 24.4.8 and 24.4.18		ou Basin	Oppose The blanket approach to construction of	Amend Ta	able 24.1 to include the following char	nges:
		-104440				
Rules 24.4	.4, 24.4.6, 24.4.7, 24.4.8 an Table 24.1 – Activities in the WBRAZ	Activity status	buildings across the Zone is opposed. The WBLP has been identified as having the capacity to absorb greater development that the	Rule	Table 24.1 – Activities in the WBRAZ	Activity status
Residential activities and buildings			remainder of the Zone. Buildings within the WBLP should be enabled without the	Residential activities and buildings		
24.4.4	The alteration of any lawfully established	P	requirement for resource consent, as the standards regarding building density, coverage, height, and setbacks are sufficient to ensure	24.4.4	The alteration of any lawfully established building used for residential activity.	P
	building used for residential activity.		positive development outcomes.	24.4.6	The construction of buildings for residential activity within the	<u>C-P</u>
24.4.6	The construction of buildings for residential	С	In the remainder of the Zone, buildings within approved building platforms should be permitted. There is no justification for requiring	Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone that are located within a		
	activity that are located within a building		additional resource consent once a building platform has been approved and development is		building platform approved by a resource consent and	
platform approved by a resource consent and		contemplated. Again, the standards regarding		registered on the applicable Computer Freehold register		
	registered on the		building density, coverage, height and setbacks will ensure development within approved		before 21 March 2019.	
	applicable Computer Freehold register		building platforms maintains landscape character and amenity values.		Control is reserved over:	
	before 21 March 2019.		In respect of alterations to lawfully established		a. Landscape character;	

Provision ((PDP decision version)		Reason for appeal	Relief soug	ıht	
	Control is reserved over:		buildings for non-residential purposes, it is considered that such alterations should be permitted, in line with Rule 24.4.4 for the		b. Visual amenity values c. Access;	
	a. Landscape character;		alteration of buildings for residential activities.		d. Infrastructure;	
	b. Visual amenity values				e. Landform modification, landscaping and planting (existing and proposed).	
	c. Access;			24.4.7	The construction of buildings for	RD
	d. Infrastructure;				residential activity that are not	
	e. Landform modification, landscaping and				provided for in Rule 24.4.x, Rule 24.4.5 or 24.4.6 and are not contrary to Rule 24.4.8.	
	planting (existing and				Discretion is restricted to:	
	proposed).				a. Landscape character;	
24.4.7 The construction of RD buildings for residential	RD			b. Visual amenity values;		
	activity that are not				c. Access;	
	provided for in Rule 24.4.5 or 24.4.6 and				d. Infrastructure;	
	are not contrary to Rule 24.4.8.				e. Landform modification, landscaping and planting (existing and proposed);	
	Discretion is restricted to:				f. Natural hazards.	
	a. Landscape character;			24.4.8	The construction of buildings for residential activity outside a	NC
	b. Visual amenity values;				building platform approved by a resource consent and	
	c. Access;				registered on the applicable Computer Freehold Register on	
	d. Infrastructure;				a site where there is such a	
	e. Landform modification,				building platform.	
	landscaping and planting (existing and			Non-resid	lential activities and buildings	

-rovision ((PDP decision version) proposed);		Reason for appeal	Relief sou		
	f. Natural hazards.			<u>24.4.xx</u>	The alteration of any lawfully established building used for	<u>P</u>
24.4.8	The construction of buildings for residential activity outside a building platform approved by a resource consent and registered on the applicable Computer Freehold Register on a site where there is such a	NC		24.4.18	non-residential activity The construction and alteration of non-residential buildings not otherwise provided for in Table 24.1. Discretion is restricted to: a. Landscape character; b. Visual amenity values;	RD
	building platform.				c. Access;	
Non-resi	idential activities and buil	dings			d. Natural hazards	
24.4.18	The construction and alteration of non-residential buildings not otherwise provided for in Table 24.1.	RD			e. Infrastructure; f. Landform modification, landscaping and planting (existing and proposed);	
	Discretion is restricted to:					
	a. Landscape character;					
	b. Visual amenity values;					
	c. Access;					
	d. Natural hazards					
	e. Infrastructure;					
	f. Landform modification, landscaping and					

Provision (PDP decision version)	Reason for appeal	Relief sought		
planting (existing and proposed);	Troubon for appour			
Table 24.2 – Activities in the Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct	Residential buildings should be enabled in the Precinct, where all standards in Table 24.3 can	Amend Table 24.2 as follows:		
New Rule 24.4.x	be complied with.	<u>Table 24.2: Activities in the</u> <u>Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle</u> <u>status</u> <u>Precinct</u>		
		24.4.x The construction of buildings for residential activity within the Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct.		
Clearance of exotic vegetation	Oppose	Delete Rule 24.4.9		
Rule 24.4.29	The introduction of this new rule for the Zone			
Clearance, works within the root protection zone or significant trimming of exotic vegetation that is of a height greater than 4 metres.	requiring resource consent as a restricted discretionary activity for clearance, works within the root protection zone or significant trimming of exotic vegetation greater than 4m in height is			
 Discretion is restricted to: The extent of clearance; Trimming and works within the root protection zone; Replacement planting. 	opposed. The rule is considered inefficient, difficult to administer and would act against the higher order objectives of the plan to avoid the spread of wilding trees and to also enhance natural ecosystems. The rule is sought to be deleted.			
Activity status: RD				
Building Size and Building Coverage	Support in part	Amend Rules 24.5.4 and 24.5.5 as follows:		
D 1 0454 D 1111 O	Amendments are sought to both rules so that	Where a residential building is constructed within a building		
Rule 24.5.4 - Building Size	the building size and coverage standards are			
Where a residential building is constructed within a building platform under Rule 24.4.6, the ground floor area of all buildings must not exceed 500m ² .	assessed per individual building, to ensure the standards are not overly restrictive and provide for planning flexibility	platform under Rule 24.4.6, the ground floor area of all buildings any individual building must not exceed 500m ² .		
Rule 24.5.5 Building coverage		Rule 24.5.5 Building coverage		
The ground floor area of all buildings not subject to Rule 24.5.4 must not exceed 15% of net site area, or 500m ² ground floor area, whichever is		The ground floor area of all buildings any individual building not subject to Rule 24.5.4 must not exceed 15% of net site		

Provision (PDP decision version)	Reason for appeal	Relief sought		
lesser.		area, or 500m ² ground floor area, whichever is lesser.		
Rule 24.5.7 – Height of buildings	Oppose	Amend Rule 24.5.7 as follows:		
Rule 24.5.7.1 The maximum height of buildings shall be 6m.	The effect of the two rules is that it is a restricted discretionary activity to have a building between	Rule 24.5.7.1 The maximum height of buildings shall be 68m. [non-compliance: RD]		
[non-compliance: RD]	o and om in neight. The proposed neight	Rule 24.5.7.2 The maximum height of buildings shall be 8m.		
Rule 24.5.7.2 The maximum height of buildings shall be 8m.	considered overly restrictive. An 8m height limitation is more consistent with the ODP and	[non-compliance: NC]		
[non-compliance: NC]	PDP zones.			
Rule 24.5.8 – Setback from roads	Oppose	Amend Rule 24.5.8 Setback from Roads, as follows:		
The minimum setback of any building from road boundaries shall be 75m in the Precinct and 20m elsewhere in the Rural Amenity Zone.	A 75m setback from road boundaries within the Lifestyle Precinct is opposed. The Lifestyle Precinct has been identified as having greater	The minimum setback of any building from road boundaries shall be 75m in the Precinct and 210m elsewhere anywhere the Rural Amenity Zone.		
[non-compliance: RD]	capacity for change, deriving in part from the nature of existing development undertaken in accordance with the Operative District Plan zoning. Imposing a setback 65m greater than under the existing regime will establish a meaningless standard that cannot be defended against the established environment in many instances.	[non-compliance: RD]		
Moreover, having a standard of 20m for the Zone, outside of the Lifestyle Precinct, will exacerbate problems in the context of areas v supposedly high landscape qualities. Accordingly, it is considered more appropriate and practicably workable to rely on a 10m setback across the entire Zone.				
24.7 Assessment Matters – Restricted	Oppose	Delete provision 24.7.2		
24.7.2 All proposals for controlled activities or restricted discretionary activities will also be assessed as to whether they are consistent with the objectives and policies relevant to the identified matters of control or discretion (as	The cross-references to the higher order strategic direction, urban development and landscape chapters are opposed. Without the specific amendments to the provisions of these higher order chapters, the existing chapters would create fundamental conflicts that would			

Provision (PDP decision version) applicable) in this chapter 24 as well as those in chapter 3 – Strategic direction; Chapter 4 – Urban Development; Chapter 6 – Landscapes and Character and Chapter 28 – Natural Hazards.	Reason for appeal undermine the specific direction offered for the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone through Chapter 24.	Relief sought
Schedule 24.8 – Landscape Character Units Landscape Character Unit 2 Fitzpatrick Basin Landscape Character Unit 3 Shotover River Terrace Chapter 27 Subdivision	Oppose The amendment to the Landscape Character Unit boundaries between LCU 2 and 3 is opposed. It is considered that the Land more appropriately sits within LCU 2 Fitzpatrick Basin and further, that there was no scope to amend the Landscape Character Unit boundaries.	Amend Schedule 24.8 – Landscape Character Units so that the Land is removed from LCU 3 Shotover River Terrace and re-included in LCU 2 Fitzpatrick Basin, as per the notified Chapter 24.
Rule 27.5.9 All subdivision activities, unless otherwise provided for, in the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone or the Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct [Activity status: Restricted Discretionary]	Oppose Controlled default activity status for subdivision in the Wakatipu Basin is sought. It is considered unnecessary and unreasonable to require restricted discretionary consent for subdivision, where such subdivision is subject to and compliant with minimum average lot densities, and when development is subject to various standards to ensure landscape character and visual amenity is maintained or enhanced. Where subdivision and development comply with these standards and minimum average densities, enforcing a restricted discretionary subdivision regime unreasonably restricts the development rights of landowners and creates unnecessary uncertainty.	Amend Rule 27.5.9 by amending the activity status of subdivision to controlled. All subdivision activities, unless otherwise provided for, in the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone or the Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct. [Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Controlled]
27.6 rules – Standards for Minimum Lot Areas 27.6.1 No lots to be created by subdivision, including balance lots, shall have a net site area or where specified, an average net site area less	Oppose The 80ha minimum lot size in the WBRAZ is opposed. This is an illogical and arbitrary value	Amend 27.6 rules – Standards for Minimum Lot Areas 27.6.1 No lots to be created by subdivision, including balance lots, shall have a net site area or where specified, an average net site area less than the minimum specified.

	DP decision vers	ion)
than the mini	imum specified.	
Zone		Minimum Lot Area
Rural	Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone	80ha
	Wakatipu Basin	6000m ²

Lifestyle

Precinct

minimum

average

Reason for appeal

that is not representative of existing landholdings in the Wakatipu Basin, which will not be able to be reasonably enforced, and which will unreasonably limit appropriate development.

No minimum lot size in the WBRAZ is supported, in accordance with the approach taken for the Rural Zone and Gibbston Character Zone.

Relief sought

Zone		Minimum Lot Area
Rural Wakatipu Basin	Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone	No minimum 80ha
	Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct	6000m ² 1.0ha minimum average

Planning Maps

Planning Maps 13d and 31

Oppose

Zoning of the Land as Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone is opposed as this zoning does not reflect the actual established character of the Land and surrounding area as mixed rural lifestyle/rural residential in nature, and fails to recognise the capacity of the Land to absorb further appropriate development. It inappropriately limits the building rights of the landholder and does not recognise the social, cultural and economic benefits of rural living development.

Delete the Variation and Map 13d and rezone the Land at Lot 1 DP476877 to Rural Lifestyle Zone, as sought in the ORFEL Stage 1 submission.

In the alternative, rezone the Land to Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct, in accordance with the notified version of the Variation.

Amend Schedu

Visitor Accommodation Variation to Chapter 24 Wakatipu Basin rural Amenity Zone

Policy 24.2.5.3

Provide for non-residential activities, including restaurants, visitor accommodation, and commercial recreation activities while ensuring

Support in part

The addition of a policy enabling non-residential activities within the Precinct is supported,

Amend Policy 24.2.5.3:

Provide for non-residential activities, including restaurants, visitor accommodation, <u>residential visitor accommodation and homestays</u>, and commercial recreation activities while

Provision (PDP decision version) these are appropriately located and of a scale and intensity that ensures that the amenity, quality and character of the Precinct is retained.		are appropriately located and of a scale and however the policy should be extended to include residential visitor accommodation and		Relief sought ensuring these are appropriately located and of a scale intensity that ensures that the amenity, quality and chara of the Precinct is retained.		
Table 24.	3 – Standards		Oppose	Amend Table 24.3 as follows:		
Rules 24.	.5.21 and 24.5.23 Table 24.3 - Standards	homestays within the Precinct should be a Table 24.3 - Standards		Table 24.3 - Standards	Non- compliance status	
		nce status	the reminder of the Zone.	24.5.21	Residential Visitor Accommodation – Lifestyle Precinct only	<i>₽<u>C</u></i>
24.5.21	Residential Visitor Accommodation – Lifestyle Precinct only 24.5.21.1 Must not exceed a cumulative total of 90 nights occupation by paying guests on a site per 12 month period. 24.5.21.2 The Council must be notified in writing prior to the commencement of a Residential Visitor Accommodation activity. 24.5.21.3 Up to date records of the Residential Visitor Accommodation activity must be kept, including a record of the date and duration of guest stays and the number of guests staying per night, and in a form that can be made available for inspection by the Council at 24	D	It is unclear why RVA and homestay activities are considered to be appropriate in the Rural Amenity Zone but not the Precinct. If anything, the Precinct is more suited to provide for appropriate visitor accommodation as it has a predominantly rural living character, meaning development and its effects can be more easily absorbed into the surrounding environment, and reverse sensitivity effects are less likely to arise.		24.5.21.1 Must not exceed a cumulative total of 90 nights occupation by paying guests on a site per 12 month period. 24.5.21.2 The Council must be notified in writing prior to the commencement of a Residential Visitor Accommodation activity. 24.5.21.3 Up to date records of the Residential Visitor Accommodation activity must be kept, including a record of the date and duration of guest stays and the number of guests staying per night, and in a form that can be made available for inspection by the Council at 24 hours' notice. 24.5.21.4 Smoke alarms must be provided in accordance with clause 5 of the Residential Tenancies (Smoke Alarms and Insulation) Regulations	

hours' notice. 24.5.21.4 Smoke alarms must be provided in accordance with clause 5 of the Residential Tenancies (Smoke Alarms and Insulation) Regulations 2016. Note: The Council may request that records are made available to the Council for inspection at 24 hours' notice, in order to monitor compliance with rules 24.5.21.1 to 24.5.21.4. 24.5.23 Homestay – Lifestyle Precinct only 24.5.23.1 Must not exceed 5 paying guests per night. D Homestay – Lifestyle Precinct of the Council must be notified in writing prior to the commencement of a Homestay activity must be kept, including a record of the number of guests staying per night, and in a form	Provision (PDP decision version)	Reason for appeal	Relief sought
24.5.23.2 The Council must be notified in writing prior to the commencement of a Homestay activity 24.5.23.3 Up to date records of the Homestay activity must be kept, including a record of the number of guests staying per that can be made available for inspection by the Council at 24 hours' notice. Note: The Council may request that records are made available to the Council for inspection at 24 hours' notice, in order to monitor compliance with rules 24.5.23.1 to 24.5.23.3	24.5.21.4 Smoke alarms must be provided in accordance with clause 5 of the Residential Tenancies (Smoke Alarms and Insulation) Regulations 2016. Note: The Council may request that records are made available to the Council for inspection at 24 hours' notice, in order to monitor compliance with rules 24.5.21.1 to 24.5.21.4. 24.5.23 Homestay – Lifestyle Precinct only 24.5.23.1 Must not exceed 5 paying guests per night. 24.5.23.2 The Council must be notified in writing prior to the commencement of a Homestay activity 24.5.23.3 Up to date records of the Homestay activity must be kept, including a record of the	Reason for appeal D	Note: The Council may request that records are made available to the Council for inspection at 24 hours' notice, in order to monitor compliance with rules 24.5.21.1 to 24.5.21.4. 24.5.23 Homestay – Lifestyle Precinct only 24.5.23.1 Must not exceed 5 paying guests per night. 24.5.23.2 The Council must be notified in writing prior to the commencement of a Homestay activity 24.5.23.3 Up to date records of the Homestay activity must be kept, including a record of the number of guests staying per night, and in a form that can be made available for inspection by the Council at 24 hours' notice. Note: The Council may request that records are made available to the Council for inspection at 24 hours'

Provision (PDP decision version)	Reason for appeal	Relief sought	
24.5.23.1 to 24.5.23.3			